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Freewater". For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "The Rocks District of Milton-Freewater" and "The Rocks of Milton-Freewater" are terms of viticultural significance.

- (b) Approved maps. The two United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 scale topographic maps used to determine the boundary of The Rocks District of Milton-Freewater viticultural area are titled:
- (1) Milton-Freewater, Oreg., 1964; and (2) Bowlus Hill, Oreg., 1964; photoinspected 1976.
- (c) Boundary. The Rocks District of Milton-Freewater viticultural area is located in Umatilla County, Oregon. The boundary of The Rocks District of Milton-Freewater viticultural area is as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is found on the Milton-Freewater map at the intersection of an unnamed medium-duty road known locally as Freewater Highway (State Route 339) and an unnamed light-duty road known locally as Crockett Road, section 26, T6N/R35E. From the beginning point, proceed east-southeasterly in a straight line for 0.8 mile to the intersection of State Highway 11 (Oregon-Washington Highway) and an unnamed light-duty road known locally as Appleton Road, section 25, T6N/R35E; then
- (2) Proceed southeasterly in a straight line for 1.05 miles, crossing onto the Bowlus Hill map, to the intersection of three unnamed light-duty roads known locally as Grant Road, Turbyne Road, and Pratt Lane on the common boundary between section 36, T6N/R35E, and section 31, T5N/R36E; then
- (3) Proceed southwesterly in a straight line for 1.1 miles, crossing back onto the Milton-Freewater map, to the intersection of the Union Pacific railroad tracks with the Walla Walla River, section 1, T5N/R35E; then
- (4) Proceed southwesterly and then west-northwesterly along the Union Pacific railroad tracks for 1.2 miles to the intersection of the railroad tracks with the 980-foot elevation contour line, approximately 0.15 mile west of Lamb Street, section 2, T5N/R35E; then
- (5) Proceed west-northwesterly in a straight line for 2.25 miles to the intersection of the 840-foot elevation con-

tour line and an unnamed light-duty road known locally as Lower Dry Creek Road, section 33, T6N/R35E; then

- (6) Proceed northwesterly in a straight line for 0.8 mile to the intersection of the 800-foot elevation contour line with an unnamed light-duty road running north-south in section 32, T6N/R35E: then
- (7) Proceed easterly in a straight line for 0.9 mile to the intersection of the 840-foot elevation contour line with the Hudson Bay Canal, section 33, T6N/R35E; then
- (8) Proceed due north in a straight line for 0.25 mile to the line's intersection with Sunnyside Road, section 33, T6N/T35E; then
- (9) Proceed northeasterly in a straight line for 0.5 mile to the intersection of the 840-foot elevation contour line with an unnamed medium road known locally as State Highway 332 (Umapine Highway), eastern boundary of section 28, R6N/T35E; then
- (10) Proceed east-northeasterly in a straight line for 0.3 mile to the intersection of three unnamed light-duty roads known locally as Triangle Road, Hodgen Road, and Appleton Road, section 27, T6N/R35E; then
- (11) Proceed east-northeasterly in a straight line for 1.25 miles, returning to the beginning point.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.\ TTB-}127,\,80\ \mathrm{FR}\ 6906,\,\mathrm{Feb.}\ 9,\,2015]$

§ 9.250 Fountaingrove District.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Fountaingrove District." For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Fountaingrove District" is a term of viticultural significance.
- (b) Approved maps. The four United States Geological Survey (USGS) 1:24,000 scale topographic maps used to determine the boundary of the Fountaingrove District viticultural area are titled:
 - (1) Mark West Springs, CA; 1993;
 - (2) Calistoga, CA; 1997;
- (3) Kenwood, CA; 1954; photorevised 1980; and
- (4) Santa Rosa, CA; 1994.
- (c) Boundary. The Fountaingrove District viticultural area is located in Sonoma County, California. The boundary of the Fountaingrove District viticultural area is as described below:

- (1) The beginning point is on the Mark West Springs map at the intersection of the shared Sonoma-Napa County line with Petrified Forest Road, section 3, T8N/R7W.
- (2) From the beginning point, proceed southeasterly along the Sonoma-Napa County line, crossing onto the Calistoga map and then the Kenwood map, to the marked 2,530-peak of an unnamed mountain, section 9, T7N/R6W: then
- (3) Proceed west-southwest in a straight line to the marked 2,730-foot summit of Mt. Hood, section 8, T7N/R6W: then
- (4) Proceed west-northwest in a straight line to the marked 1,542-foot summit of Buzzard Peak, section 11, T7N/R7W: then
- (5) Proceed west-southwest in a straight line, crossing onto the Santa Rosa map, to the intersection of State Highway 12 and Los Alamos Road; then
- (6) Proceed due north in a straight line to the southern boundary of section 9, T7N/R7W; then
- (7) Proceed west-northwest along the southern boundaries of sections 9, 4, and 5, T7N/R7W, to the western boundary of the Los Guilicos Land Grant; then
- (8) Proceed west-southwest along the southern boundaries of sections 5, 6, and 7, T7N/R7W; then continue west-southwest along the southern boundaries of sections 12 and 11, T7N/R8W, to the point where the section 11 boundary becomes concurrent with an unnamed light-duty road known locally as Lewis Road; and then continue west-southwest along Lewis Road to the road's intersection with Mendocino Avenue in Santa Rosa; then
- (9) Proceed north-northwesterly along Mendocino Avenue to the road's intersection with an unnamed road known locally as Bicentennial Way; then
- (10) Proceed north in a straight line, crossing through the marked 906-foot elevation peak in section 35, T8N/R8W, and, crossing on to the Mark West Springs map, continue to the line's intersection with Mark West Springs Road, section 26, T8N/R8W; then
- (11) Proceed northerly along Mark West Springs Road, which turns easterly and becomes Porter Creek Road,

- to the road's intersection with Franz Valley Road, section 12, T8N/R8W; then
- (12) Proceed northeasterly along Franz Valley Road to the western boundary of section 6, T8N/R7W; then
- (13) Proceed south along the western boundary of section 6, T8N/R7W, to the southwest corner of section 6; then
- (14) Proceed east, then east-northeast along the southern boundaries of sections 6, 5, and 4, T8N/R7W, to the southeast corner of section 4; then
- (15) Proceed north along the eastern boundary of section 4, T8N/R7W, to the Sonoma-Napa County line; then
- (16) Proceed easterly along the Sonoma-Napa County line to the beginning point.

[T.D. TTB-128, 80 FR 8531, Feb. 18, 2015]

§ 9.251 Squaw Valley-Miramonte.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Squaw Valley-Miramonte." For purposes of part 4 of this chapter, "Squaw Valley-Miramonte" is a term of viticultural significance.
- (b) Approved maps. The six United States Geological Survey (USGS) 1:24,000 scale topographic maps used to determine the boundary of the Squaw Valley-Miramonte viticultural area are titled:
 - (1) Orange Cove North, Calif., 1966;
- (2) Pine Flat Dam, Calif., 1965; photoinspected 1978;
- (3) Luckett Mtn., Calif., provisional edition 1987;
- (4) Verplank Ridge, Calif., provisional edition 1987;
 - (5) Miramonte, Calif., 1966; and
 - (6) Tucker Mtn., Calif., 1966.
- (c) Boundary. The Squaw Valley-Miramonte viticultural area is located in Fresno County, California. The boundary of the Squaw Valley-Miramonte viticultural area is as described below:
- (1) The beginning point is located on the Orange Cove North map, at the southwest corner of section 21, T14S/ R25E. From the beginning point, proceed north-northwesterly in a straight line to the marked 3,355-foot elevation point on Bear Mountain, section 5, T14S/R25E; then
- (2) Proceed northeast in a straight line, crossing onto the Pine Flat Dam